# Project 3 – Web Security Part 2

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## Outline

- Administrative
- Requirement Overview
- Attack A Defenses
- Attack B Defenses
- Attack C Defenses
- Attack D Defenses
- Extra Fun Defenses
- Other Notes

#### Administrative

- Due Monday June 1st
- No more late days are allowed
- Setup cgi-bin on your su network account TODAY (linked from instructions)

## Requirements

- Defend against all known attacks from Part 1
- Defend against all XSS an XSRF in zoobar.org (except login)
- Make sure you read non-goals section in assignment
  - Don't add any new files
  - Don't change DB
  - Don't edit files in includes/

#### Attack A Defenses

- The attack is a simple XSS
- How do defend?
  - Do output sanitization
- From class:
- PHP: htmlspecialchars(string)

```
& → & " → " ' → '
< → &lt; > → &gt;
```

– htmlspecialchars(

```
"<a href='test'>Test</a>", емт_Quotes);
Outputs:
<a href=&#039;test&#039;&gt;Test&lt;/a&gt;
```

#### Attack B Defenses

- Simple XSRF (CSRF)
- How to Defend:
  - Secret Token
    - Ideally you use some HMAC with a secret
    - For this project you can simply hash the session token
    - Look at includes/auth.php for a lot of helpful code

#### Attack C Defenses

- Sniffing Login info
  - Secure the one non-html file that leaks the data
  - Modify it so that it doesn't appear to do different things when logged in or not

#### Attack C Defenses

- Phishing
  - Display warning if the user has visited a known bad page
  - Sniff browser history
    - Use make a hidden link to the bad url
    - Check generated link color via javascript document.defaultView.getComputedStyle(document.ge tElementById("linkid"), '').getPropertyValue("color");

## Attack D Defenses

- Don't use eval!
- Make sure you are not displaying strings that can be bad

#### **EF** Defenses

- Go back and understand what the vulnerability is
  - Think quotes and event listeners
- Defense is very similar to Attack A

## **Hunting for Problems**

- Look for wherever the website takes input
- Look for wherever the website outputs stuff that can be user generated
- Don't worry about SQL Injection for this assignment

## txt-db-api

- Third-party text file database library
- Data can be int, string, and autoincrement
- Need to escape strings: \' \" \\
- Actually magic\_quotes\_gpc does this for us

```
$recipient = $_POST['recipient']; // already escaped
$sql = "SELECT PersonID FROM Person WHERE
Username='$recipient"";
$rs = $db->executeQuery($sql);
if( $rs->next() )
$id = $rs->getCurrentValueByName('PersonID');
```

Adapted from Collin Jackson 2007

# PHP Sanitization Techniques

- addslashes(string)
  - Prepends backslash to
  - Already done by magic\_quotes\_gpc
  - Inverse: stripslashes(string)
- htmlspecialchars(string [, quote\_style])
  - Converts & < > " to HTML entities
  - Use ENT\_QUOTES to change to
- strip\_tags(string, [, allowable\_tags])
  - Max tag length 1024
  - Does not sanitize tag properties
- preg\_replace(pattern, replacement, subject)
- More info:

Adapted from Collin Jackson 2007

Questions?