Also possible to use RSA to build PKE:

-Decrypt (sk, ct): Compute $\chi \leftarrow y^{\lambda}$ (mod N), $k \leftarrow H(k)$, and output $m \leftarrow Dec_{AE}(k, ct')$.

- <u>In practice</u>: Most widely-used standard for RSA encryption is PKCS1 (by RSA labs) → Has shorter cipturtexts if we are encrypting a single ZN element (no need for KEM + symmetric component]
 - (helpful if PKE just used to encrypt short token or metadata)
 - General approach: suppose N is 2048 bits and use want to encrypt 256-bit messages

ive will first apply a randomized pudding to m to obtain a 2048-bit pudded message

PKCS 1 podding:

(mode 2) 00 02 non-zero rondom bytes 00 m 16 bits s bits where s t

t-bits long

Encryption: Compute mond ~ PKCS(m) and set C ~ mond [i.e., directly apply RSA traphoor permutation to padded] Decryption: Compute mond ~ C^d and recover m from mond

- In ESL v3.0: during the handshake, server oberrypts client's message and checks if resulting mod is well-formed (i.e., has valid PKCS1 padding) and rejects if not
 - L> scheme is videouble to a chosen ciphentext attack!
 - illows adversory to eavesdrop on convection
- Devastating attack on SSL3.0 and very hard to fix: need to change both servers + clients!

TLS 1.0: fix is to set m 2 2% if decryption over fails and proceed normally (never alert client if podding is malformed) — some fails at a later point in time, but hopefully no critical information is leabed... Take-away = PKCS1 is not CCA-secure which is very problematic for key exchange

https:// Absence of security proof should always be traubling ...

New standard: Optimal Asymmetric Encryption Badding (OAEP) [1994] } Standardized in PKCS1 Scan be shown to be CCA-secure in random aracle model version 2.0

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